

# A Treat

On Tuesday, June 27, the Managers Want Every Poor Child To See "The Queen of the Screen," MARGUERITE CLARK, in "MOLLY MAKE BELIEVE," So We Will Give a Matinee at 2:30 O'clock. Every Poor Child Under 14 Years of Age Will Be Admitted FREE OF CHARGE. Ask For the FREE TICKETS If You Cannot Afford To Pay.

## THE WASHINGTON OPERA HOUSE



### A MERCILESS JUDGE One Who Shows No Favor.

A merciless judge is Father Time. Before him the weak and wanting go to the wall. Only the truth can stand. For years the following statement from a Mayaville resident has withstood this sternest of all tests.

Frederick Dresel, tailor, 1238 E. Second St., Mayaville, says: "I was troubled with inflammation of the bladder and an annoyance from my kidneys. The passages of the kidney secretions were irregular and I had a severe pain across the small of my back which interfered with my duties. When a friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills, I got a box at Wood & Son's Drug Store. They gave me prompt relief."

OVER THREE YEARS LATER Mr. Dresel said: "Since I used Doan's Kidney Pills, I have not had any kidney trouble nor have I had to take a kidney medicine in that time."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Dresel has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

### HEALTH NEWS

Twenty-five out of every 1,000 employees in American industries, according to recent statistics, are constantly incapacitated by sickness, the average worker losing approximately nine days each year on this account. This "non-effective rate" for the great army of industrial workers in the United States barely suggests the total money loss to employers and employees. The lessened efficiency, the effects of reduced earnings in times of sickness, as well as the cost of medical attention, and the economic loss from deaths, swell the cost to industry and to the Nation to almost incalculable figures.

That much of this loss is nothing less than preventable waste and that this waste can be largely reduced by a properly conducted system of governmental health insurance for wage-workers are conclusions set forth in Public Health Bulletin No. 76, containing the results of a study of "Health Insurance—Its Relation to the Public Health," just issued by the United States Public Health Service.

The preventive value of health insurance is given especial emphasis in this study. "Any system of health insurance for the United States or any State should at its inception have prevention of sickness as one of its fundamental purposes," says the bulletin. "This country should profit by the experience of European countries where prevention is being recognized as the central idea necessary to health insurance if health insurance is to attain its greatest success in improving the health and efficiency of the industrial population."

Such a system, it is pointed out in the bulletin, would:

1. Provide cash benefits and medical service for all wage-earners in times of sickness at much less cost than is now possible. Adequate medical relief would thus be placed within the reach of even the lowest paid workers who are most subject to ill-health.

2. Distribute the cost among employers, employees, and the public as the groups responsible for disease causing conditions and afford these groups a definite financial incentive for removing these conditions. This can be done by means of small weekly payments from employees, supplemented by proportionate contributions from employers and government at a rate reducible in proportion to the reduction of sickness.

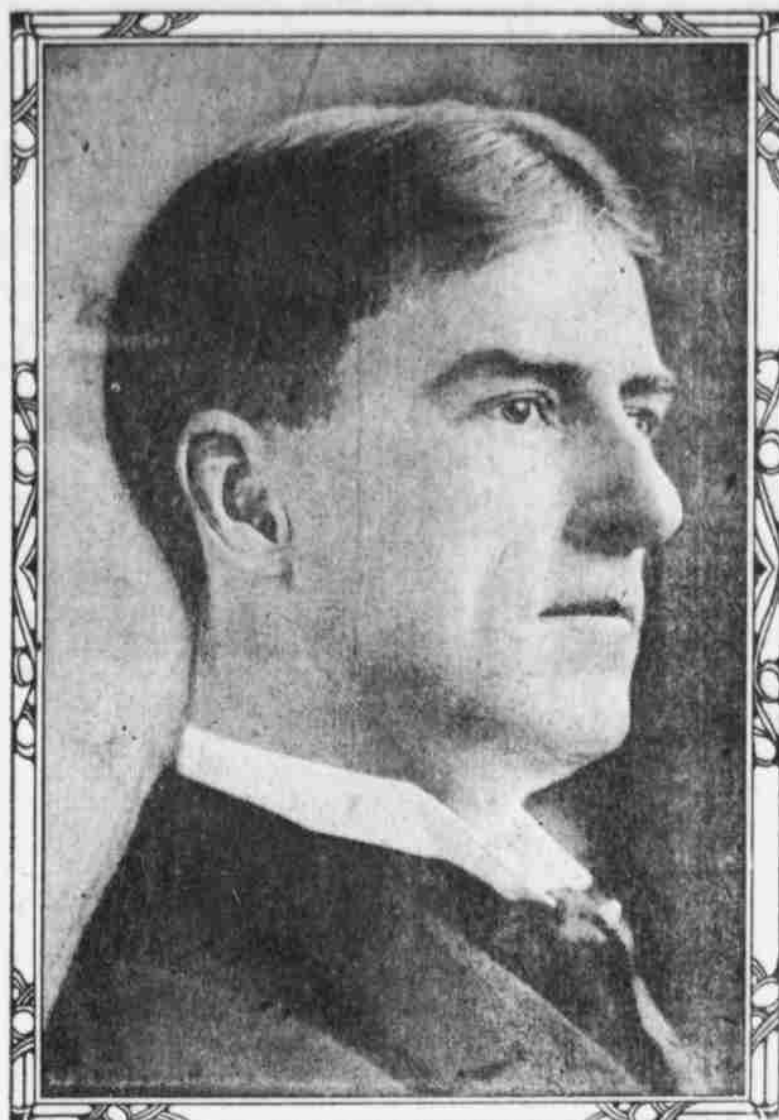
3. Become an effective health measure by linking the co-operative efforts of the three responsible groups with the work of National, State and local health agencies, and by utilizing these agencies in the administration of the health insurance system.

4. Afford a better basis for the co-operation of the medical profession with public health agencies.

5. Eliminate the elements of paternalism and charity-giving by making employees and the public, as well as employers, joint agents in the control of this fund.

"A governmental system of health insurance," concludes the study, "can be adapted to American conditions, and when adapted will prove to be a health measure of extraordinary value."

### Dixon's Lecture Characterized as Double Barreled Oratorical Shotgun



FRANK DIXON.

"TAKING Stock of a Town" is a community lecture to be given early in Chautauqua week by Frank Dixon of New York City. Mr. Dixon gave this lecture last summer in 120 cities, from Jacksonville, Fla., to Chicago. Immediate results along lines of community building were attained in many places. In several towns and cities funds were established for the maintenance of parks. In one city the board of health attended Mr. Dixon's lecture in a body and reported that if there had been no other feature on the Chautauqua program the week would have been well worth while.

The Flint (Mich.) Journal said recently regarding Mr. Dixon's lecture: "It was a double barreled oratorical shotgun. Each charge was crammed full of shots of truth backed up with clear smokeless powder of logic and wadded with humor. He hit the bullseye each time he fired." The Flint city council adjourned early in order to hear Mr. Dixon lecture, and in a special reserved section there were more than twenty city officials.

The Atlanta (Ga.) Constitution says of Mr. Dixon and his lecture: "Ideas burst upon his hearers' brains as rays of light. His lecture of rare merit is delivered with an equal rareness of eloquence."

Mr. Dixon is a brother of Thomas Dixon, Jr., and of Dr. A. C. Dixon of Spurgeon church, London.

### FORTUNES FOR SEEDS

(Topeka Cor. New York Sun.)

Kansas spends about \$14,000,000 annually for the seed necessary to plant the acreage devoted to the state's principal crops, according to an estimate made public by J. C. Mohler, Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture. He points out that the estimate is based on last year's acreage and prices.

"Two thirds of the \$14,000,000 is for wheat seed," the report says. "Kansas seeds each year more wheat than many states harvest. The value of the sorghum planted for forage" comes next, amounting to \$1,295,814, while the oats sown is third, and amounts to \$1,146,907.

"It seems rather surprising that it only costs \$602,500 for the seed to plant the state's corn acreage, and taking the run of the years, corn is Kansas most valuable product. More than \$500,000 is spent each year for Irish potato seed.

"Assuming that the average life of a stand of alfalfa in Kansas is ten years, and that one tenth, therefore, is sown each year, there would be required seed worth approximately \$380,000. Barley, which is grown mostly in Western Kansas, requires an annual outlay of more than \$200,000 for seed, and the clover seed sown each year is probably worth \$15,000. The rye sown annually is rated at \$85,000. It only cost about \$65,000 for the seed to plant nearly 1,000,000 acres of alfalfa."

### MILK BRACERS

(Farm and Fireside)

Washington and Oregon, which became dry states last New Year's, are taking more than usual interest in dairy products.

Buttermilk, fermented milk and various derivatives of them have gained in popularity as "bracing" beverages. Two large breweries are said to have been converted into up-to-date creameries.

Fermented milk is of a much higher quality now than when its manufacture was first attempted in this country. The best grades are decidedly pleasant to the taste, give an agreeable "scratch" to the throat, and in addition are nourishing. When kept on ice they retain their good flavor for a week or more.

The dairy industry can well afford to encourage the production of such drinks, the basis of which is ordinary cow's milk and a commercial culture.

### FAIKLAND ISLANDS

Washington, D. C.—The Falkland Islands, where Sir Ernest Shackleton recently found a haven after the hardships of a perilous antarctic expedition, have figured seldom in world news since 1832, when the British flag was firmly planted over the land which, together with South Georgia, constitutes the empire's "farthest south" insular possessions. The Falkland group is described in a bulletin issued today from the Washington headquarters of the National Geographic Society, which says:

"Except when some unfortunate skipper is compelled to cast anchor in the harbor of Port Stanley, where the damage wrought by the fierce storms of Cape Horn can be expensively repaired, the Falkland Islands are seldom visited, save by the monthly mail-boats from England. It must have been a sensational news event, therefore, when the nine hundred Port Stanley inhabitants and the eleven hundred other people distributed over the more than a hundred islands of the Falkland group learned that on the last day of May the intrepid explorer Sir Ernest Shackleton, had arrived at this town with five companions, after having lost his ship, the Endurance, in the antarctic ice last October.

"Not since the thrilling naval engagement off the Falklands in December, 1814, when a British squadron, under Vice Admiral Sturdee, sank the German cruiser Scharnhorst, Guelow and Leipzig, and captured two colliers, have these islands figured so prominently in the news of the day as now.

"The Falklands are among Great Britain's remote possessions which cling to the very fringe of civilization. They comprise an area somewhat larger than the Bahama group and lie 250 miles east of the mainland of South America and more than 1200 miles south of Buenos Aires. Only two of the islands are of considerable size—East Falkland, which is about five-sixths as large as Porto Rico, and West Falkland, with an area somewhat less than that of the state of Delaware.

"While the climate of the Falkland group is comparatively mild, the rigors of its winters in no degree approaching the cold of the southeast coast of Labrador, which lies in the corresponding parallels of latitude in the northern hemisphere, yet the islands are not an agreeable place in which to live, as a penetrating, drizzling rain is experienced here during 250 days of the year.

"Except for the palm-resembling tussock-grass, which furnishes excellent forage for the herds of cattle, flocks of sheep and droves of wild horses, on the islands, there is little vegetation. The commerce, which does not reach a million dollars a year, consists chiefly of the exportation of wool, hides, tallow and frozen mutton. Extensive peat bogs supply the Scotch shepherds with a satisfactory fuel.

"During the last quarter of the eighteenth century Spain laid claim to the islands and for a time threatened to go to war with England over their control. The territory belonged to the British empire by right of discovery, however, for just a hundred years after Columbus reached American shores John Davis, one of the most dauntless navigators of the Elizabethan era, sighted this land while in his return voyage from the Strait of Magellan, where his superior, Thomas Cavendish, had met with disaster. This is the Davis who is reputed to have been in command of the Black Dog during the memorable overthrow of the Spanish Armada, and who ranks with Baffin and Hudson as the great triumvirate of early Arctic explorers.

"Nearly a century and three quarters after a Davis' discovery the explorer De Bougainville raised the standard of France over these islands, and the latter government ceded the territory to Spain in 1767. It was upon this occasion that Spain based her claims which she seemed to enforce with arms until 1771. The reassertion of British rights in 1833 marked the withdrawal of the colonial claims of the people of Buenos Aires."

### TRUSTING GOD FOR WIVES

"A son and nephew of one of the native chiefs declared their intention to leave heathenism and follow Jesus," writes Missionary Roy B. Klipp from his station away down in Angola, Africa.

"You can't have our daughters if you leave our religion," threatened their prospective parents-in-law.

"We shall follow God and trust Him to give us wives," was the ready reply.

"And next day the young men came to our mission station to get books, regarding the future their plans for marriage."

Catarrah Cannot Be Cured with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrah Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrah Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrah. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### STRAW RAINCOATS

(Popular Science Monthly)

There is just one raincoat that lives up to its rainproof claims, and, in fact, has lived up to them for a thousand years and more, and that is the rice-straw combination worn by the Nippon.

In addition to being light, porous and warm in cold, wet weather it serves as a "blind" for the wary fish, which can discern no danger lurking in a fishing pole protruding from what appears to be a mere sheath of grass. A Nippon angler seated on a river bank wearing his rice-straw coat resembles so closely a tuft of rank grass or a growing scrub that the most preyed-upon animals fail to detect danger.

From the score of waterproof materials and impervious clothing there is a new Paris product which is said to be very effective, providing one doesn't approach too close to the fire. It is highly inflammable on chance ignition, since its inner lining is composed of gun cotton sheeting. There is also an English raincoat which weighs but nine pounds when dry, but which, when worn through rain, will absorb water as readily as a sponge. In an hour it has been known to absorb six pounds of water, adding greatly to its weight and accelerating physical exhaustion. Yes, it's waterproof.

Try a want ad in The Ledger's classified column. It will bring results.

### THOUSANDS OF SICK WOMEN

Helped Every Year by Common Sense Suggestions Given Free by The Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

For forty years women suffering from all kinds of female ills have been writing the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. of Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Thus they receive common sense suggestions drawn from a vast volume of experience, and thousands of sick women have been saved from untold suffering, as letters like the following clearly show:—

Newark, Ohio.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has made me a well woman. Your Sanative Wash is just the thing to overcome female weakness. I have told young mothers as well as older ones about your remedies, and what they have done for me. I think Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved my life, as my health was very bad when I wrote you, but now I can do my own work and have not had a sick day since I began taking your remedies. I keep the Compound and Liver Pills on hand all the time."—Mrs. Geo. Thompson, 24 Sherwood Court, Newark, Ohio.

Why don't you write for free advice? Address Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass.

### JOHN W. PORTER

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Office Phone 37. Home Phone 96  
17 East Second Street, Maysville, Ky.

## FOR SALE

THE WHITTINGTON HOME ON EAST SECOND STREET. ELECTRIC LIGHTED, GAS, BATH AND IN FACT MODERN AND COMPLETE IN EVERY RESPECT. WE WILL GIVE YOU A FINE BARGAIN IN THIS HOME. COME AND SEE US ABOUT IT OR CALL AT THE HOME, WHERE YOU WILL BE SHOWN THROUGH THE HOUSE AT ANY TIME.

THOS. L. EWAN & CO.  
REAL ESTATE  
AND  
LOAN AGENT  
Farmers & Traders Bank Building  
Maysville, Ky.

No matter who they marry, some men always remember the first girl they ever loved. Others, b'gosh, forget which one it was.

There is consolation for some of us after all. A man is never homely to the woman who loves him.

We insist, though, that there are some women who can keep a secret. Dead ones never talk.

Got an affinity? Tell your wife all about it and then she won't believe it.

### The Taste Tells the Tale

No matter what anyone may claim for any food product, the true test after all is when you taste and know that it is good. No matter what we might say about our BREAD it avails nothing if you do not concur in our opinion. To make you a steady Bread customer, all we ask is that you try our product and base your opinion upon the taste. And remember, it's made in a sanitary bakery.

### TRAXEL'S "The House of Quality"

#### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Congress. We are authorized to announce W. J. Fields of Carter county, as a candidate for renomination as Representative in Congress from the Ninth District, subject to the action of the August primary.

### RAILROAD TIME TABLES

L & N Louisville & Nashville RAILROAD.

No. 11 departs 5:35 a. m., daily except Sunday.  
No. 9 departs 1:00 p. m., daily except Sunday.  
No. 19 departs 3:40 p. m. daily.  
No. 10 arrives 9:50 a. m., daily except Sunday.  
No. 14 arrives 8:30 p. m., daily except Sunday.  
No. 16 arrives 7:30 a. m., daily except Sunday.  
No. 17 departs 7:50 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Sunday Only  
No. 117 departs at 6 a. m.  
No. 118 arrives at 11:25 p. m.  
Schedule effective Sunday, May 28, subject to change without notice.  
H. S. ELLIS, Agent.

### Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.

Schedule subject to change without notice

Schedule effective May 28th.

EAST BOUND—  
No. 8, 9:41 a. m.  
No. 6, 9:55 a. m.  
No. 2, 1:40 p. m.  
No. 16, 5:30 p. m.  
No. 18, 8:00 p. m.  
No. 4, 10:45 p. m.

WEST BOUND—  
No. 19, 5:30 a. m.  
No. 5, 6:15 a. m.  
No. 1, 9:19 a. m.  
No. 17, 9:30 a. m.  
No. 3, 3:30 p. m.  
No. 7, 4:23 p. m.

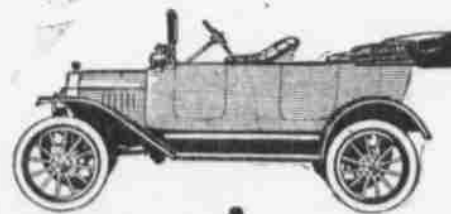
W. W. WIKOFF, Agent

## Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford factory turns out a completed car for every car built by all the other manufacturers combined. And not even this enormous production can keep pace with the demand for Ford cars. The big reason is that everywhere, every day, Ford cars are demonstrating their utility and reliability. Touring Car \$440; Town Car \$640; Sedan \$740. All prices f. o. b. Detroit. On sale at

### Central Garage Co.



## Removal Notice

The Public Is Invited To Take Notice That the  
**Maysville Telephone Co.**  
Has Moved Its Exchange and Office To the Second Floor of the First National Bank Building.

J. J. LYNCH, Local Manager.



After all, the best reason a dealer in any line has for giving good service is the knowledge that such service means continued patronage.

We admit we are anxious for your trade. We are going to do everything we honestly can to secure that trade and hold it.

Above all we are competent and equipped to give you the best service in the city. Isn't that enough?

OAKLAND - DODGE - OLDSMOBILE  
**Keith & Stephenson**  
MAYSVILLE'S LEADING GARAGE

### In this Matter of Health

one is either with the winners or with the losers.

It's largely a question of right eating—right food. For sound health one must eat out rich, indigestible foods and choose those that are known to contain the elements that build sturdy bodies and keen brains.

### Grape-Nuts

is a wonderfully balanced food, made from whole wheat and barley. It contains all the nutriment of the grain, including the mineral phosphates, indispensable in Nature's plan for body and brain building.

Grape-Nuts is a concentrated food, easy to digest. It is economical, has delicious flavor, comes ready to eat, and has helped thousands in the winning class.

"There's a Reason"